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300

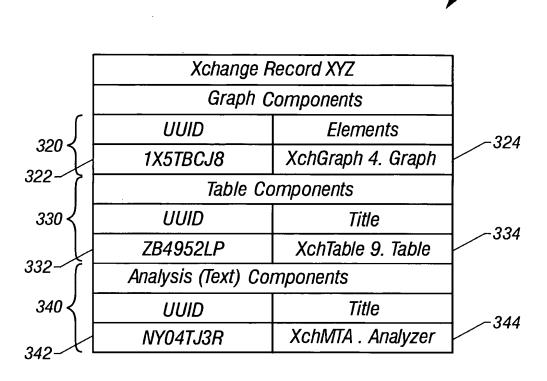


FIG. 3

	12		5/9	418
Output Text	No excessive peaks were detected in the MTA \\ 412 work queue.	No changes are recommended. $\}$ 414	One or more significant peaks occurred in the MTA work queue. The likely source of these peaks is a communication problem between the MTA and another Exchange component on this server, a connector, or a remote Exchange MTA.	(1) Verify that all servers with large backlogged MTA queues bound for them are accessible over the network. (2) Verify that all Exchange services, including the MTA, are up and running on all servers in the organization. (3) Check the application event log in chapter 6 for additional information on specific errors.
Variable	411 { MTALoad_Q_Peak_No_Prob_Findings	413 {MTALoad_Q_Peak_ No Prob_Recommendations	415 {MTALoad_Q_Peak_Prob_Findings	417 {

FIG. 4

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Message Transfer Agent Background

The message Transfer Agent (MTA) is responsible for managing messages that must be transferred to or from a non-local e-mail server. This includes other Exchange servers and non-Exchange e-mail servers (Lotus Notes, SMTP, cc:Mail, etc.). The MTA also manages distribution lists for messages.

MTA queue lengths provide a general indication of Exchange performance. In general, on a well configured Exchange server, the queues will be close to 0. On a system exceeding its capacities, the queue will approach 2. Should a queue length regularly exceed 2, the system will be perceptibly slow.

While high queue times may indicate a problem with Exchange, a backlog of messages on the MTA may actually be an indication of a problem elsewhere in the system. Typically, these other problems include connectivity problems with other servers, including the following:

• There may be network problems prohibiting data transfer.

• There may be network security issues (site connectors between two domains with different service accounts).

• Other Exchange systems may be shut down or their Exchange services may be stopped.

An additional factor that affects MTA performance is the amount of external mail being processed by the server. Because Exchange handles internal mail (mail sent to a recipient on the same server) more efficiently and faster than external mail, high levels of external mail increase the amount of MTA-dependent processes.

Analysis

Our analysis of the Message Transfer Agent consisted of examining the lengths of <**Name Field**> MTA queues and the periods of peak MTA queue length. 515A

Selected Data

Graph 1 - MTA Work Queue Length. The MTA Queue Length is the one-hour average number of outstanding messages in the MTA queue that had not been processed to completion. The High Queue 510B Length represents the highest value monitored during each hour. This counter provides an overall health rating for the MTA.

510C - Message Transfer Agent Queue Length <XCHGRAPH 4.Graph Field> >510A

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The following table lists the eight time periods in Graph 1 with the highest MTA queue lengths. The times shown reflect the end of the hour in which a peak value occurred.

One-hour Periods in which Peak MTA Queue Lengths Occurred

< XCHGTABLE 9. Table Field > 540A

Findings and recommendations Regarding the Message Transfer Agent

510E

During the monitored period, <XCHMTA.ANALYZER 1 Field > 520A

510F {Recommended actions are to <XCHMTA.ANALYZER_2 Field \leq 520B

FIG. 5B

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Agent Background

The Message Transfer Agent (MTA) is responsible for managing messages that must be transferred to or from a non-local e-mail server. This includes other Exchange servers and non-Exchange e-mail servers (Lotus Notes, SMTP, cc:Mail, etc.). The MTA also manages distribution lists for messages.

MTA queue lengths provide a general indication of Exchange performance. In general, on a well configured Exchange server, the queues will be close to 0. On a system exceeding its capacities, the queue will approach 2. Should a queue length regularly exceed 2, the system will be perceptibly slow.

While high queue times may indicate a problem with Exchange, a backlog of messages on the MTA may actually be an indication of a problem elsewhere in the system. Typically, these other problems include connectivity problems with other servers, including the following:

- There may be network problems prohibiting data transfer.
- There may be network security issues (site connectors between two domains with different service accounts).
- Other Exchange systems may be shut down or their Exchange services may be stopped.

An additional factor that affects MTA performance is the amount of external mail being processed by the server. Because Exchange handles internal mail (mail sent to a recipient on the same server) more efficiently and faster than external mail, high levels of external mail increase the amount of MTA-dependent processes.

Analysis

Our analysis of the Message Transfer Agent consisted of examining the lengths of <u>XBO104's</u> MTA queues and the periods of peak MTA queue length. 620A

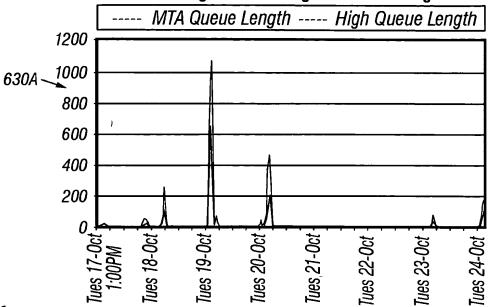
Selected Data

Graph 1 - MTA Work Queue Length. The MTA Queue Length is the one-hour average number of outstanding messages in the MTA queue that had not been processed to completion. The High Queue Length represents the highest value monitored during each hour. This counter provides an overall health rating for the MTA.

610A

FIG. 6A

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Message Transfer Agent Queue Length 6100



The following table lists the eight time periods in Graph 1 with the highest MTA queue lengths. The times shown reflect the end of the hour in which a peak value occurred.

One-hour Periods in which Peak MTA Queue Lengths Occurred

	DATE	END TIME OF ONE-HOUR PERIOD IN WHICH PEAK VALUE OCCURRED:	PEAK GRAPH LENGTH
C 404	10/13/00	6:00 PM	250.7
640A 🛶	10/14/00	2:00 PM	820.5
	10/14/00	3:00 PM	1066.9
	10/15/00	3:00 PM	95.1
	10/15/00	4:00 PM	401.9
	10/15/00	5:00 PM	448.9
·	10/18/00	5:00 PM	72.3
•	10/19/00	3:00 PM	172.1

Findings and Recommendations regarding the Message Transfer Agent

During the monitored period, one or more significant peaks occurred in the MTA work queue. The likely source of these peaks is a communication problem between the MTA and another Exchange component on this server, a connector, or a remote 610F—Exchange MTA.

620E

620B

Recommended actions are to(1)Verify that all servers with large backlogged MTA queues bound for them are accessible over the network. (2)Verify that all Exchange services, including the MTA, are up and running on all servers in the organization. (3)Check the application event log in chapter 6 for additional information on specific errors.

FIG. 6B